

ReFuelEU Aviation

Fuel Monitoring Tool

30/01/2025

Sesión Informativa Implementación
Reglamento ReFuel EU Aviation

Your safety is our mission.

Agenda

Supporting documents

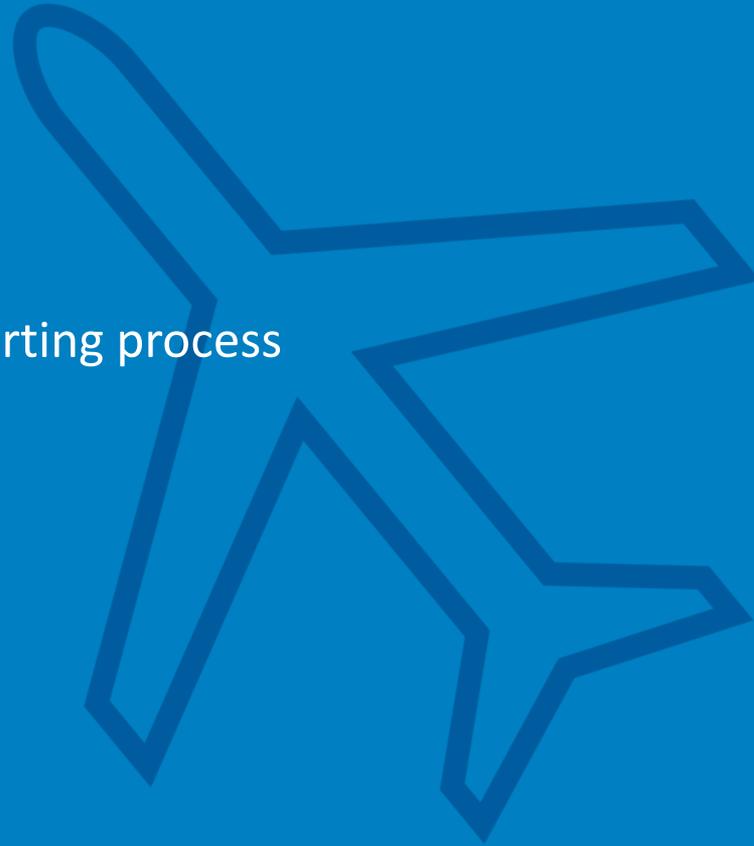
Fuel Monitoring tool as part of the overall reporting process

Fuel Monitoring Tool

Structure

Demonstration

Questions



Supporting documentation



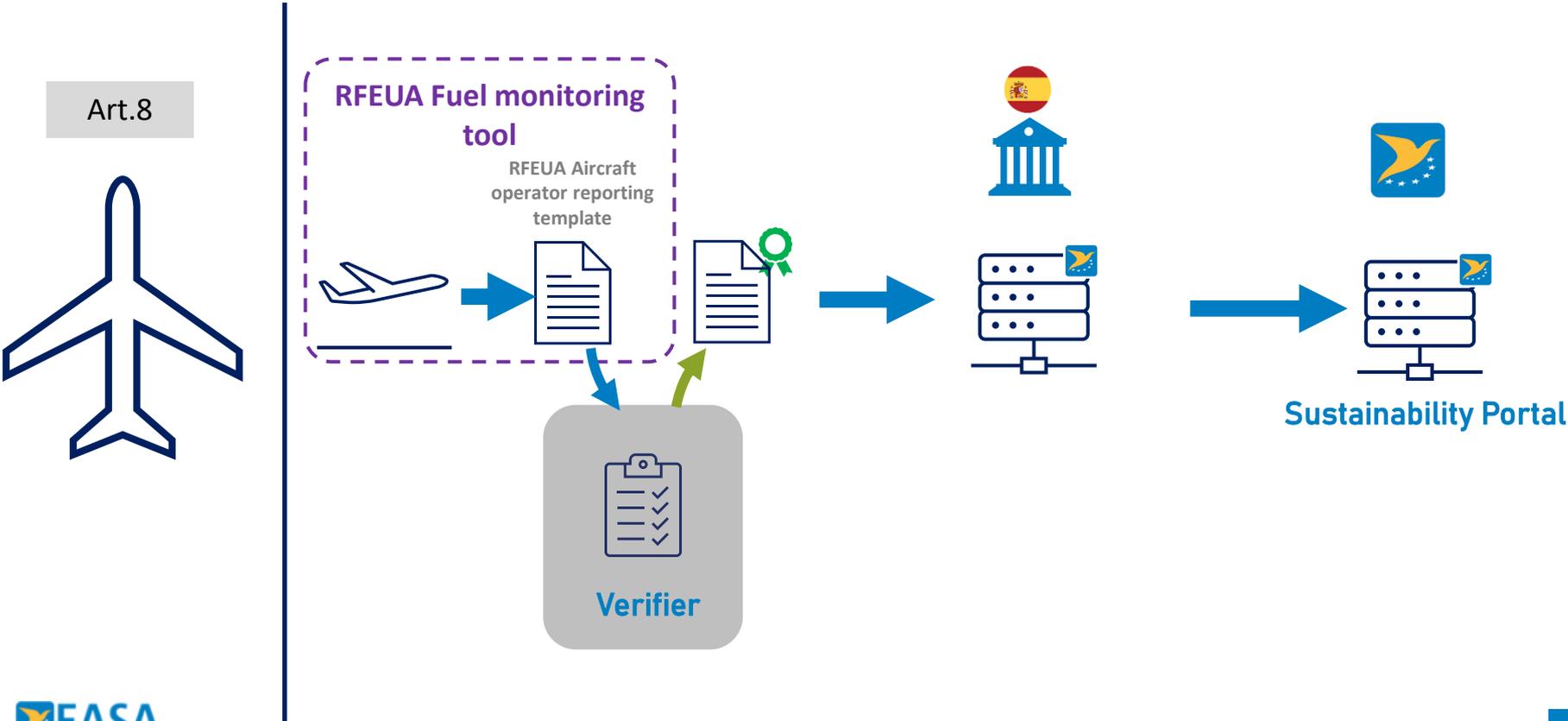
ReFuelEU Aviation Regulation (EU) 2023/2405



- Interpretative guidelines on the application of the exemptions referred to in Article 5
- List of Aircraft Operators
- List of Union airports
- List of competent authorities of the Member States
- ReFuelEU Aviation Template for Aircraft Operators
- Manual for aircraft operators and verification bodies
- ReFuelEU Aviation Fuel Monitoring Tool

Today's deep dive

Recommended RFEUA Fuel Monitoring Tool





Recommended RFEUA Fuel Monitoring Tool

Objectives:

- Gathering all the raw data for the RFEUA reporting requirements
- Create a common template for all AO and verification bodies
- Automatically feed in the ReFuelEU Aviation Template for Aircraft Operators
- Support AO in regards with the column H

While this document is stated in the RFEUA Manual for AO and verifiers, it does not constitute a legally binding document. Its aim is to simplify the reporting duties and verification process of airlines under RFEUA.

Every AO willing to use this template is free and encouraged to customise and make this tool its own

Version history

Instructions

Process flow

AO assumptions

EASA SP Exemption Export

Checklist (optional)

Raw input

Monitoring Data

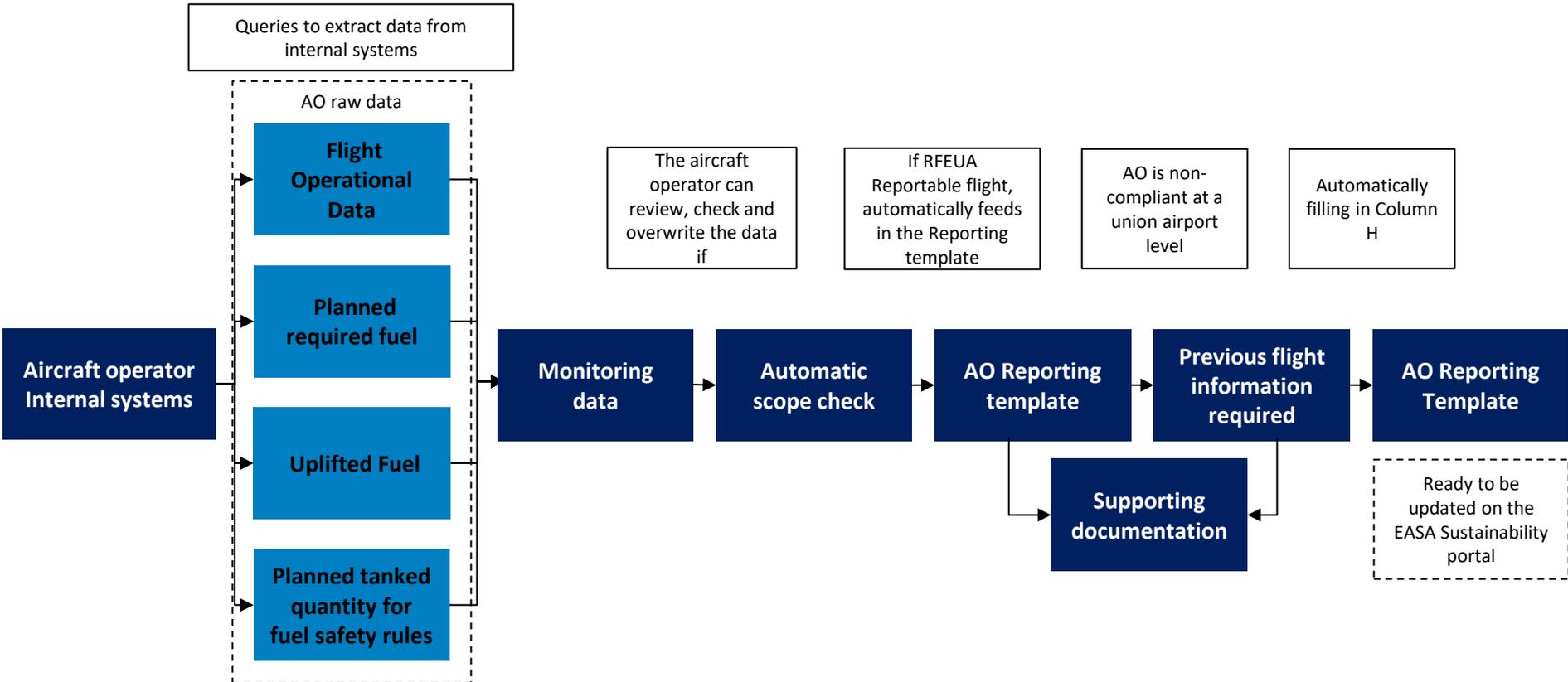
AO Reporting Template

Data Gaps

Union Airports (Lkups)



The RFEUA fuel monitoring tool flow



Version History



Version history		
Version:	Roll out date	Correction
Version 1.1	04/12/2024	Union Airports list updated , with airport names and codes for: ESMA, ESSB, LFOB, LFSB, LIME, & LIRA
Version 1.2	22/01/2025	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Instructions: Monitoring Data and Union Airports (Lkups) explanation updated.<ul style="list-style-type: none">- AO Assumption cell B5: "Reporting Year Period"- Raw Input column R: Formula changed for Aviation Fuel Quantity to account for Tonnes and not Kg.- Raw Input column Q Block Time (hrs): Updated formula to calculate block hours, ensuring accurate calculation of time differences for flight arriving next day.<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Monitoring Data column AQ to AY: Updated to reflect if previous flight information is missing. New feature in column AY to identify missing information.- AO Reporting Template column H: Update, Column H turns to zero for each Union airport where any of the flight under consideration or previous flight has missing information.

AO Assumptions



Aircraft operator manual inputs

Operator ICAO Call Sign	XXX
Reporting Period	2024

AO Fuel scheme definition

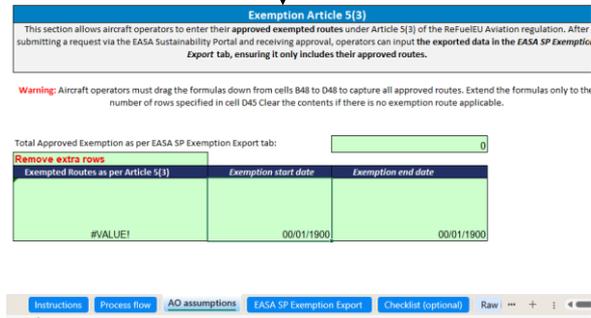
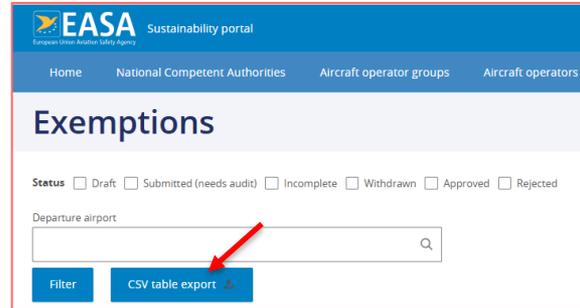
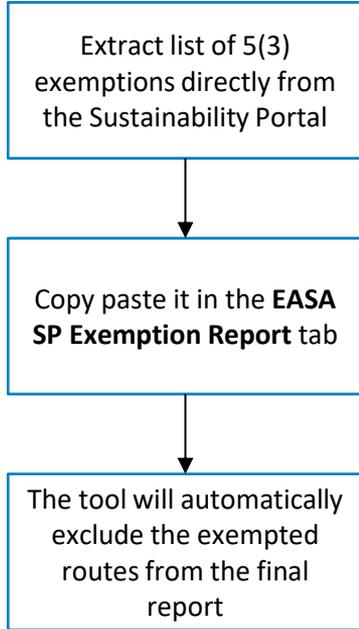
Content:

For aircraft operators not following the EASA fuel scheme defined in the AMC, this tab provides the source for further explanation on the type of fuel scheme used and the fuel category definitions.

Exemption Article 5(3)

This section allows aircraft operators to enter their **approved exempted routes** under Article 5(3) of the ReFuelEU Aviation regulation. After submitting a request via the EASA Sustainability Portal and receiving approval, operators can input **the exported data in the EASA SP Exemption Export** tab, ensuring it only includes their approved routes.

Exemption Step by step exclusion



Raw data input



Raw Data input:

This tab serves as a raw data input feed, directly sourced from system queries, before any verification or intervention by the aircraft operator. It should contain only data extracted from the aircraft operator's internal systems, allowing the operator to trace changes and backtrack any queries to the raw data.

Monitoring data

- This monitoring table serves as a working tab for the aircraft operator.
- Once all the data is correctly input in the *Raw Input* tab, **the monitoring data should reflect exactly the same data. If not, ensure you drag down the formulas sufficiently to cover the last row of your input data.**

Reporting flow and structure:

Flight Operational Data	Planned Required Fuel	Uplifted Fuel	Planned tanked quantity for fuel safety rules	Actual operational consumption	Scope Checks	Previous flight information	Supporting Documentation
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Data Gaps



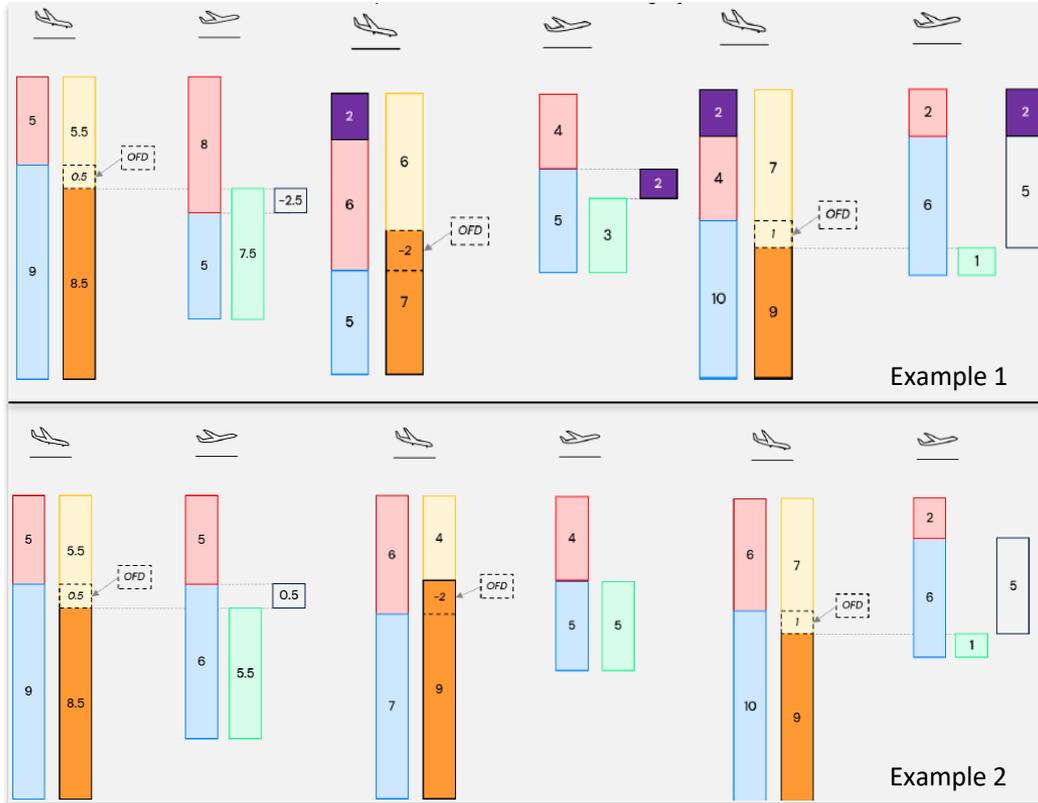
This tab aims at providing a placeholder for the aircraft operator to gather and justify missing data.

In this tab:

- Aircraft operators can provide explanations on why data is missing and highlight biggest challenges
- Verification bodies can use this tab to verify and validate/negate the report
- Challenges highlighted in this tab will be reviewed and used to adapt and improve the manuals and the tools

Percentage Of Data Gaps			
Number of Flights Impacted	Type of data missing	Reason	Mitigation Process

Examples of the Manual applied to the Tool



The examples from the Manual were applied to the tool



Yearly aviation fuel required (tonnes)	Yearly actual aviation fuel uplifted (tonnes)	Yearly non-tanked quantity (tonnes)	Yearly tanked quantity for fuel safety rules (tonnes)
18.00	28.00	0.00	
16.00	11.50	2.90	0.50
12.00	26.00	0.00	
17.00	11.50	3.80	5.50

Questions

easa.europa.eu/connect



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